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Appendix no.2

# Status of compliance of the BSE Corporate Governance Code as of December 31<sup>th</sup>, 2022

Corporate Governance Code	Compliance	Not compliant or partial compliant	Reason for the non-compliance
<b>A.1.</b> All companies should have internal regulation of the Board which	YES	-	
includes terms of reference/responsibilities for Board and key management			
functions of the company, applying, among others, the General Principles of			
Section A.	T/EC		
<b>A.2.</b> Provisions for the management of conflict of interest should be included in Provision. In any quart, more horse of the Provided and the provided that the provided in P	YES		
in Board regulation. In any event, members of the Board should notify the Board of any conflicts of interest which have arisen or may arise, and should			
refrain from taking part in the discussion (including by not being present			
where this does not render the meeting non-quorate) and from voting on the			
adoption of a resolution on the issue which gives rise to such conflict of			
interest.			
<b>A.3.</b> The Board of Directors or the Supervisory Board should have at least	YES		
five members.			
<b>A.4.</b> The majority of the members of the Board of Directors should be non-		Partial	The majority of the members of the Board are non-
executive. At least one member of the Board of Directors or Supervisory		compliance	executive members. Currently there are no
Board should be independent, in the case of Standard Tier companies. Not			independent directors.
less than two non-executive members of the Board of Directors or			
Supervisory Board should be independent, in the case of Premium Tier			
Companies. Each member of the Board of Directors or Supervisory Board,			
as the case may be, should submit a declaration that he/she is independent at the moment of his/her nomination for election or re-election as well as when			
any change in his/her status arises, by demonstrating the ground on which			
he/she is considered independent in character and judgement in practice.			
<b>A.5.</b> A Board member's other relatively permanent professional	YES		
commitments and engagements, including executive and nonexecutive			
Board positions in companies and not-for-profit institutions, should be			



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disclosed to shareholders and to potential investors before appointment and during his/her mandate.			
<b>A.6.</b> Any member of the Board should submit to the Board, information on any relationship with a shareholder who holds directly or indirectly, shares representing more than 5% of all voting rights. This obligation concerns any kind of relationship which may affect the position of the member on issues decided by the Board.	YES		
<b>A.7.</b> The company should appoint a Board secretary responsible for supporting the work of the Board.	YES		
<b>A.8.</b> The corporate governance statement should inform on whether an evaluation of the Board has taken place under the leadership of the chairman or the nomination committee and, if it has, summarize key action points and changes resulting from it. The company should have a policy/guidance regarding the evaluation of the Board containing the purpose, criteria and frequency of the evaluation process.		NOT	The company is in process of developing a policy / guidance concerning the Board's evaluation, including the purpose, criteria and frequency of the evaluation process.
<b>A.9.</b> The corporate governance statement should contain information on the number of meetings of the Board and the committees during the past year, attendance by directors (in person and in absentia) and a report of the Board and committees on their activities.	YES		
<b>A.10.</b> The corporate governance statement should contain information on the precise number of the independent members of the Board of Directors or of the Supervisory Board	YES		
<b>A.11.</b> The Board of Premium Tier companies should set up a nomination committee formed of nonexecutives, which will lead the process for Board appointments and make recommendations to the Board. The majority of the members of the nomination committee should be independent.		N/A	The company is included in the Standard Category.
<b>B.1.</b> The Board should set up an audit committee, and at least one member should be an independent non-executive. The majority of members, including the chairman, should have proven an adequate qualification relevant to the functions and responsibilities of the committee. At least one member of the audit committee should have proven and adequate auditing or accounting experience. In the case of Premium Tier companies, the audit committee should be composed of at least three members and the majority of the audit committee should be independent.	YES		
<b>B.2.</b> The audit committee should be chaired by an independent nonexecutive member.	YES		



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<b>B.3.</b> Among its responsibilities, the audit committee should undertake an annual assessment of the system of internal control.		Partial compliance	See comments presented at B.6.
<b>B.4.</b> The assessment should consider the effectiveness and scope of the internal audit function, the adequacy of risk management and internal control reports to the audit committee of the Board, management's responsiveness and effectiveness in dealing with identified internal control failings or weaknesses and their submission of relevant reports to the Board.		Partial compliance	See comments presented at B.6.
<b>B.5.</b> The audit committee should review conflicts of interests in transactions of the company and its subsidiaries with related parties.		Partial compliance	The Regulation of the Audit Committee approved contains provisions in relation to this obligation. The Regulation of the Audit Committee will be revised to include provisions on the evaluation of conflict of interest in connection with the Company's transactions with the affiliated parties.
<b>B.6.</b> The audit committee should evaluate the efficiency of the internal control system and risk management system.		Partial compliance	The responsibility to monitor the efficiency of internal control systems, internal audit and risk management of the company is stipulated in the Regulation of the Audit Committee. Audit Committee evaluates on a continuous bases components of the internal control system.
<b>B.7.</b> The audit committee should monitor the application of statutory and generally accepted standards of internal auditing. The audit committee should receive and evaluate the reports of the internal audit team.	YES		
<b>B.8.</b> Whenever the Code mentions reviews or analysis to be exercised by the Audit Committee, these should be followed by periodical (at least annual), or ad-hoc reports to be submitted to the Board afterwards.	YES		
<b>B.9.</b> No shareholder may be given undue preference over other shareholders with regard to transactions and agreements made by the company with shareholders and their related parties.	YES		
<b>B.10.</b> The Board should adopt a policy ensuring that any transaction of the company with any of the companies with which it has close relations, that is equal to or more than 5% of the net assets of the company (as stated in the latest financial report), should be approved by the Board following an obligatory opinion of the Board's audit committee, and fairly disclosed to the shareholders and potential investors, to the extent that such transactions fall under the category of events subject to disclosure requirements.		Partial compliance	According to the Articles of Incorporation art. 15 alin. 1 letter k, all transactions that respect the mentioned criteria are approved by the Board and are included in current reports according art. 108 Law 24/2017 (R)



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<b>B.11.</b> The internal audits should be carried out by a separate structural division (internal audit department) within the company or by retaining an independent third-party entity.	YES		
<b>B.12.</b> To ensure the fulfillment of the core functions of the internal audit department, it should report functionally to the Board via the audit committee. For administrative purposes and in the scope related to the obligations of the management to monitor and mitigate risks, it should report directly to the chief executive officer.	YES		
<b>C.1.</b> The company should publish a remuneration policy on its website and include in its annual report a remuneration statement on the implementation of this policy during the annual period under review. Any essential change of the remuneration policy should be published on the corporate website in a timely fashion.	YES		
<b>D.1.</b> The company should have an Investor Relations function - indicated, by person (s) responsible or an organizational unit, to the general public. In addition to information required by legal provisions, the company should include on its corporate website a dedicated Investor Relations section, both in Romanian and English, with all relevant information of interest for investors, including:	YES		
• <b>D.1.1.</b> Principal corporate regulations: the articles of association, general shareholders' meeting procedures;	YES		
D.1.2. Professional CVs of the members of its governing bodies, a Board member's other professional commitments, including executive and nonexecutive Board positions in companies and not-for-profit institutions;		Partial Compliance	The recommendation is not implemented as concerns other professional commitments of the Board's members, including executive and non-executive positions in the boards of administration of other companies or non-profit institution.
• <b>D.1.3.</b> Current reports and periodic reports (quarterly, semi-annual and annual reports) – at least as provided at item D.8 – including current reports with detailed information related to non-compliance with the present Code	YES		
• <b>D.1.4.</b> Information related to general meetings of shareholders: the agenda and supporting materials; the procedure approved for the election of Board members; the rationale for the proposal of candidates for the election to the Board, together with their professional CVs; shareholders' questions related to the agenda and the company's answers, including the decisions taken;	YES		



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• <b>D.1.5.</b> Information on corporate events, such as payment of dividends and other distributions to shareholders, or other events leading to the acquisition or limitation of rights of a shareholder, including the deadlines and principles applied to such operations. Such information should be published within a timeframe that enables investors to make investment decisions;	YES		
• <b>D.1.6.</b> The name and contact data of a person who should be able to provide knowledgeable information on request;	YES		
• <b>D.1.7.</b> Corporate presentations (e.g. IR presentations, quarterly results presentations, etc.), financial statements (quarterly, semiannual, annual), auditor reports and annual reports.	YES		
<b>D.2.</b> A company should have an annual cash distribution or dividend policy, proposed by the CEO or the Management Board and adopted by the Board, as a set of directions the company intends to follow regarding the distribution of net profit. The annual cash distribution or dividend policy principles should be published on the corporate website.	YES		
<b>D.3.</b> A company should have adopted a policy with respect to forecasts, whether they are distributed or not. Forecasts means the quantified conclusions of studies aimed at determining the total impact of a list of factors related to a future period (so called assumptions): by nature such a task is based upon a high level of uncertainty, with results sometimes significantly differing from forecasts initially presented. The policy should provide for the frequency, period envisaged, and content of forecasts. Forecasts, if published, may only be part of annual, semi-annual or quarterly reports. The forecast policy should be published on the corporate website.		NOT	The requirement will be implemented.
<b>D.4.</b> The rules of general meetings of shareholders should not restrict the participation of shareholders in general meetings and the exercising of their rights. Amendments of the rules should take effect, at the earliest, as of the next general meeting of shareholders.	YES		
<b>D.5.</b> The external auditors should attend the shareholders' meetings when their reports are presented there.	YES		
<b>D.6.</b> The Board should present to the annual general meeting of shareholders a brief assessment of the internal controls and significant risk management system, as well as opinions on issues subject to resolution at the general meeting.	YES		



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<b>D.7.</b> Any professional, consultant, expert or financial analyst may participate in the shareholders' meeting upon prior invitation from the Chairman of the Board. Accredited journalists may also participate in the general meeting of shareholders, unless the Chairman of the Board decides otherwise.		
<b>D.8.</b> The quarterly and semi-annual financial reports should include information in both Romanian and English regarding the key drivers influencing the change in sales, operating profit, net profit and other relevant financial indicators, both on quarter-on-quarter and year-on-year terms.		
<b>D.9.</b> A company should organize at least two meetings /conference calls with analysts and investors each year. The information presented on these occasions should be published in the IR section of the company website at the time of the meetings/conference calls.	Partial Compliance	The regular reports prepared by the company to disclose its financial items are complete, highly transparent and relevant in terms of information necessary for making investment decisions. The organization of such events will be established depending on the requests from investors.
<b>D.10.</b> If a company supports various forms of artistic and cultural expression, sport activities, educational or scientific activities, and considers the resulting impact on the innovativeness and competitiveness of the company part of its business mission and development strategy, it should publish the policy guiding its activity in this area.		

# CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS,

Mr. Yedil Utekov

GENERAL MANAGER,

Mr. Georgian Stefan Florea

FINANCE MANAGER,

Mrs. Luiza Roxana Moise